# POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

# **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course name

Foundations of telecommunications [S1EiT1>PTELEK2]

Course				
Field of study Electronics and Telecommunications		Year/Semester 3/5		
Area of study (specialization)		Profile of study general academic	2	
Level of study first-cycle		Course offered in Polish		
Form of study full-time		Requirements compulsory		
Number of hours				
Lecture 30	Laboratory classe 30	es	Other 0	
Tutorials 30	Projects/seminars 0	6		
Number of credit points 5,00				
Coordinators		Lecturers		
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### **Prerequisites**

Student has a systematic knowledge of mathematical analysis, algebra and theory of probability. He has a detailed, systematic knowledge of the fundamentals of circuit and signal theory. He is able to extract information from literature, databases and other sources. Student demonstrates the ability to solve typical tasks and problems related to analysis of electrical circuits and signal analysis.

# **Course objective**

Presentation of the basic ideas of telecommunications, the techniques and principles that underlie the analysis, design, construction and maintenance of telecommunications systems and networks.

# Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge:

1. Student knows the principles of operation of analog telecommunication systems, including modulation and demodulation techniques.

2. Student knows the principle of operation of digital transmission systems, including baseband transmission, digital modulations, signal transmission in channels, signal reception, forming the spectral properties of signals, countering channel distortions.

3. Student has a detailed, systematic knowledge, together with necessary mathematical background, of the fundamentals of the telecommunication theory, which is necessary to understand, analyze and evaluate the operation of analogue and digital telecommunications systems.

4. Knows about development trends in telecommunication systems.

Skills:

1. Student demonstrates the ability to solve problems related to signal analysis in time domain and frequency.

2. Student is able to measure typical parameters of signals, systems and devices, in particular those used in telecommunication.

3. Is able to measure the parameters evaluating the quality of digital transmission in several telecommunication channels.

Social competences:

1. Student is aware of the limitations of his/her current knowledge and skills; is committed to further self-study.

2. Demonstrates responsibility and professionalism in solving technical problems. Is able to participate in collaborative projects.

3. Is aware of the main challenges facing modern telecommunication.

## Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

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Knowledge is verified by a written exam after two semesters. The exam consists of 6-10 questions evaluated using points. Passing threshold: 50% of total points (it may change depending on the difficulty of the questions, how they are scored etc.).

The skills acquired during the tutorials (5th semester) are verified on the basis of written tests (one in the middle and one at the end of the semester, evaluated using points, consisting of 4-6 tasks each) and assessment of activity during the exercises. The sum of points accumulated during classes translates into the final grade. Credit threshold: 51% points.

The skills acquired during the laboratory classes (5th semester) are verified on the basis of two written tests (in the middle and at the end of the semester, consisting of 3-5 questions on the subject of the implemented issues) and evaluation of the written reports on the performed exercises. The final grade is the average of the grades for the tests and reports. A prerequisite is to obtain the majority of positive marks for reports and at least one positive mark for tests.

### Programme content

#### Lecture:

1st semester (4th semester of study): Characteristics of telecommunications: social significance, historical perspective. Telecommunication system; information sources and their models and properties; the concept of a signal in telecommunications; basic techniques for transmitting signals over a distance; transmitter and receiver functions; telecommunications channel and its properties; channel models. Representation of analog signals in the time and frequency domain; complex representation of bandpass signals; deterministic and random signals; parameters and properties of random signals. Analog modulations of harmonic carrier: mathematical description of modulation and demodulation processes; implementation of modulation and demodulation processes.

2nd semester (5th semester of study): Pulse modulations: sampling and quantization of signals; pulsecode modulation PCM; quantization noise. Methods of speech coding. Time-division multiplexing and frequency-division multiplexing. Basics of PDH and SDH hierarchy. Digital pulse modulation and digital modulations of harmonic carrier. Representation of digital signals in the time and frequency domain; spectrum of signal and bandwidth of signal; baseband and bandpass transmission; correlation receiver. Examples of the use of digital modulations in modern telecommunications systems. Tutorials (5th semester of study):

deterministic and random signals, graphic representation of modulated signals (waveform, spectrum, vector diagrams); mathematical description of AM, DSB-SC, SSB modulation and demodulation processes; parameters of angle modulated signals; noise in frequency modulation; sampling, quantization, PCM modulation, quantization noise.

Laboratory classes (5th semester):

AM modulation and demodulation; DSB-SC modulation and demodulation; SSB modulation and demodulation; FM modulation and demodulation; phase-locked loop in telecommunications systems.

# **Course topics**

none

# **Teaching methods**

1. Lecture: multimedia presentations illustrated with examples and mathematical or graphic descriptions presented on the board.

2. Tutorials: solving tasks in the field of mathematical description of signals and mathematical description of modulation and demodulation processes of analog and digital signals.

3. Laboratory classes: practical exercises - implementation of modulator and demodulator devices and observation of their function using electronic devices based on the instructions for particular exercises, work in teams.

### Bibliography

Basic

1. S. Haykin, Systemy telekomunikacyjne, WKiŁ, Warszawa, 1998

2. B. P. Lathi, Z. Ding, Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems, Oxford University Press, 2010

3. S. Kula, Systemy teletransmisyjne, WKiŁ, Warszawa, 2004

Additional

1. S. Haykin, M. Moher, Communication Systems, International Student Version, Wiley, 2010

2. T. Anttalainen, Introduction to Telecommunications Nework Engineering, Artech House, 1999

3. T. Oeberg, Modulation, Detection and Coding, Wiley, 2001

## Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	205	5,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	140	4,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	65	1,00